

Symbols					
<b>K</b>	Dielectric Constant	<b>f</b>	Frequency	<b>L<sub>t</sub></b>	Test Life
<b>A</b>	Area	<b>L</b>	Inductance	<b>V<sub>t</sub></b>	Test Voltage
<b>T<sub>D</sub></b>	Dielectric Thickness	<b>∂</b>	Loss Angle	<b>V<sub>o</sub></b>	Operating Voltage
<b>V</b>	Voltage	<b>Φ</b>	Phase Angle	<b>T<sub>t</sub></b>	Test Temperature
<b>T</b>	Time	<b>L<sub>o</sub></b>	Operating Life	<b>T<sub>o</sub></b>	Operating Temperature
<b>R<sub>s</sub></b>	Series Resistance	<b>X&amp;Y</b>	Exponent effect of voltage and temperature		

Value Codes - Farads			
	Pico	Nano	Micro
<b>101</b>	100pF		
<b>102</b>	1000pF	1nF	0.001uF
<b>103</b>	10000pF	10nF	0.01uF
<b>104</b>	100,000pF	100nF	0.1uF
<b>105</b>		1000nF	1uF
<b>106</b>			10uF



Metric Prefixes			
<b>Pico</b>	X 10 <sup>-12</sup>	<b>Deca</b>	X 10 <sup>+1</sup>
<b>Nano</b>	X 10 <sup>-9</sup>	<b>Kilo</b>	X 10 <sup>+3</sup>
<b>Micro</b>	X 10 <sup>-6</sup>	<b>Mega</b>	X 10 <sup>+6</sup>
<b>Milli</b>	X 10 <sup>-3</sup>	<b>Giga</b>	X 10 <sup>+9</sup>
<b>Deci</b>	X 10 <sup>-1</sup>	<b>Tera</b>	X 10 <sup>+12</sup>

Capacitance (farads)	English: $C = \frac{.224 \text{ K A}}{T_D}$ Metric: $C = \frac{.0884 \text{ K A}}{T_D}$
Energy Stored in Capacitors (Joules, watt-sec)	$E = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$
Linear Charge of a Capacitor (amperes)	$I = C \frac{dV}{dt}$
Total Impedance of a Capacitor (ohms)	$Z = \sqrt{R_S^2 + (X_C - X_L)^2}$
Capacitive Reactance (ohms)	$X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi fC}$
Inductive Reactance (ohms)	$X_L = 2\pi fL$
Dissipation Factor	D.F. = $\tan \partial (\text{loss angle}) = \frac{\text{E.S.R.}}{X_C} = (2\pi fC)(\text{E.S.R.})$
Power Factor (%)	P.F. = Sine $\partial$ (loss angle) = Cos $\Phi$ (phase angle) P.F. = (when less than 10%) = D.F.
Quality Factor (dimensionless)	$Q = \text{Cotan } \partial (\text{loss angle}) = \frac{1}{\text{D.F.}}$
Equivalent Series Resistance (ohms)	E.S.R. = (D.F.) ( $X_C$ ) = (D.F.) / ( $2\pi fC$ )
Power Loss (watts)	Power Loss = ( $2\pi fCV^2$ )(D.F.)
KVA (Kilowatts)	$\text{KVA} = 2\pi fCV^2 \times 10^{-3}$
Temperature Characteristic (ppm/°C)	$\text{T.C.} = \frac{C_t - C_{25}}{C_{25} (T_t - 25)} \times 10^6$
Cap Drift (%)	$\text{C.D.} = \frac{c_1 - c_2}{c_1} \times 100$
Reliability of Ceramic Capacitors	$\frac{L_o}{L_t} = \left(\frac{V_t}{V_o}\right) \times \left(\frac{T_t}{T_o}\right) Y$
Capacitors in Series (Current the same)	Any number: $\frac{1}{C_T} = \frac{1}{c_1} + \frac{1}{c_2} \dots \frac{1}{c_N}$ Two: $CT = \frac{c_1 c_2}{c_1 + c_2}$
Capacitors in Parallel (voltage the same)	$CT = c_1 + c_2 \dots c_N$
Aging Rate	A.R. = % $\Delta C$ /decade of time
Decibels	dB = 20 log